

APPLICATION UNDER UNITED STATES PATENT LAWS

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Invention: INFORMATION RECORDING AND PLAYBACK APPARATUS

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This is a:

- ☐ Provisional Application
- ☒ Regular Utility Application
- ☐ Continuing Application
 - ☐ The contents of the parent are incorporated by reference
- ☐ PCT National Phase Application
- ☐ Design Application
- ☐ Reissue Application
- ☐ Plant Application
- ☐ Substitute Specification
 - Sub. Spec Filed _____
 - in App. No. _____ / _____
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 - Sub. Spec. filed _____
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SPECIFICATION

TITLE OF THE INVENTION
INFORMATION RECORDING AND PLAYBACK APPARATUS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is based upon and claims the
5 benefit of priority from the prior Japanese Patent
Application No. 2002-347508, filed November 29, 2002,
the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by
reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to an information recording
and playback apparatus which can record and play back
information. In particular, it relates to an
information recording and playback apparatus, wherein
15 start and end of information recording can be set from
outside.

2. Description of the Related Art

In information recording and playback apparatuses
which play back or record an information medium storing
20 video data, such as image information, and control
information, the following are set with the apparatus
main body or an accompanying remote control device:
recording start date and time/recording end date and
time; recording source; and recording rate and
25 recording system (sound recording system/presence and
absence of simulcast), etc (hereinafter simply referred
to as "recording programming"). Thereby, a desired

(preselected) recording source is recorded on the preselected date and time, with the predetermined recording rate and recording system.

5 Nowadays, information recording and playback apparatuses are in practical use, which can reduce an amount of the information to be inputted with the apparatus main body or a remote control device. In such apparatuses, a recording programming code called "G code" is inputted instead of predetermined
10 data determined by broadcasters, such as recording (broadcasting) start date and time/recording (broadcasting) end date and time and recording source, in the data used for recording programming.

15 Further, Jpn. Pat. Appln. KOKAI Pub. No. 8-306097 discloses a remote control device, which has an extension setting section and can extend the recording end time by 15 minutes for each operation of the extension setting section, in such a case where the broadcasting time of the program being recorded has
20 been extended and its end time has been changed, or it has been found before start of recording that wrong recording end time was inputted.

25 However, these techniques have a problem that the user cannot change the input recording programming information or add a new recording programming, if the user cannot return from a position distant from the information recording and playback apparatus, or if

the user is out, after recording programming.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to an aspect of the present invention,
there is provided an information recording and playback
5 apparatus which records or plays back information,
comprising: receive means for receiving a recording
programming mail from the outside, the recording
programming mail containing programming contents; and
entering means for entering a recording programming in
10 accordance with the programming contents obtained by
the receive means.

According to another aspect of the present
invention, there is provided an information recording
and playback apparatus comprising: an information
15 recording and playback section which records
information in a recording medium, and plays back
information prerecorded in a recording medium; a timer
section which operates the information recording and
playback section at a predetermined operation starting
20 time, and stops the information recording and playback
section at a predetermined operation ending time;
a memory section which holds operation information of
the timer section; a communications control section
which inputs and sets at least the operation starting
25 time and the operation ending time in the timer section
from the outside; and entering means for entering, in
the memory section, a recording programming including

at least the operation starting time and the operation ending time obtained through the communications control section.

According to still another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of controlling an information recording and playback apparatus, the method comprising: receiving a mail from outside; judging whether the received mail contains recording control information including at least an operation starting time and an operation ending time; judging whether a recording programming is acceptable with the operating starting time and the operating ending time included in the mail judged to be a mail containing the recording control information; and storing, in a memory section, the operation starting time and the operation ending time included in the recording control information contained in the mail whose recording programming has been judged acceptable, the operation starting time and the operation ending time serving as information used for controlling a timer section, the timer section operating and stopping an information recording and playback section at the operation starting time and the operation ending time, respectively.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification,

illustrate embodiments of the invention, and together with the general description given above and the detailed description of the embodiments given below, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

5 FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram showing an example of a recording and playback apparatus to which an embodiment of the present invention is applicable;

 FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram showing an example of arrival of mails on the recording and playback
10 apparatus shown in FIG. 1, and transmission and reception of mails between a mail server and a portable terminal;

 FIG. 3 is a flow chart showing an example of recording programming by an E-mail; and

15 FIG. 4 is a flow chart showing a procedure of entering a recording programming from an E-mail.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

An embodiment of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to drawings.

20 A recording and playback apparatus 1 shown in FIG. 1 includes an information recording and playback section 111 which can record input information in a predetermined recording medium and play back
information stored already in a recording medium in
25 response to a playback operation, and a microcomputer (MPU, that is, a main control unit) 101 which controls recording in, and playback from, the information

recording and playback section 11, and operations of sections explained below.

The information recording and playback section 111 comprises a disk drive unit 113 which can record
5 information in, and play back information from, a disk D manufactured in compliant with the DVD (Digital Versatile Disk) standard, and a temporary recording section 115 functioning as a buffer memory, which can temporarily hold a certain amount of data to be
10 recorded in, or data reproduced from, a disk D set in the disk drive unit 113.

In the case where, for example, all the available memory of the disk D has been filled during recording, the temporary recording section 115 temporarily holds
15 information to be recorded, until the disk D has been changed to a disk having an available memory area. In addition to the disk drive unit 113, a hard disk drive HDD may be provided, which is suitable for recording and retrieval (playback) of massive information.

20 The information recording and playback section 111 is connected with an encoder 121 which encodes input information into a form recordable by the information recording and playback section 111, and a decoder 131 which decodes information outputted from the
25 information recording and playback section 111 into a form displayable by an output device described below.

The encoder 121 is connected with an AV (Audio

Video) input section 123 to which recording
information, being image information or the like, can
be inputted from the outside, and a tuner section 125
which receives images and sounds distributed from
5 information distributors, such as broadcasters.

The decoder 131 is connected with an AV (Audio
Video) output section 133 which supplies playback
information decoded (by the decoder 131) to an output
device, typified by a playback equipment (television)
10 and a monitor.

The MPU 101 is also connected with a timer
microcomputer section 141. The timer microcomputer
section 141 receives an input signal from the recording
and playback apparatus 1, or from an accompanying
15 remote control terminal (remote control device) R. The
input signal includes recording programming information
such as recording (broadcasting) start date and
time/recording (broadcasting) end date and time;
recording source; and recording rate and recording
20 system (sound recording system), etc (hereinafter
simply referred to as "recording programming").

Further, the timer microcomputer section 141 is
connected with a remote control input section 142 which
receives a control signal from the remote control
25 device R, a timer circuit (clock unit) 143 which
manages and playback apparatus 1, and a user operation
input section 145 which receives an operation request

(instructions) from the user.

5 The MPU 101 is also connected with a display
section 151 which displays information inputted to the
timer microcomputer section 141 or an operation state
of the apparatus 1, a communications control section
103 which receives a recording programming from the
outside and informs a designated destination whether
the recording programming is acceptable or not, through
a network NT, and a memory 105 which stores recording
10 programming information and the like. Further, the
communications control section 103 is provided with a
memory (not shown) containing browser software
(application software for enabling finding and browsing
of information in a network) widely used in the network
15 NT, a microcomputer (control unit, not shown), and a
dialer which secures communications for transmitting
mails to the outside under predetermined conditions.

20 The MPU 101 controls, recording, copying and
deleting with respect to the disk D, and controls
changes of operation of the recording and playback
apparatus inputted to the timer microcomputer section
141 through the user operation input section 145, and
display to the user with the display section 151, in
accordance with a control program stored in the memory
25 105.

 The timer microcomputer section 141 manages the
recording programming information set by the user,

while monitoring the timer circuit (clock unit) 143,
and instructs the MPU 101 to start recording when the
programmed recording starting time has come, and
instruct the MPU 101 to end the recording when the
5 programmed recording ending time has come.

The user operation input section 145 receives an
operation request from the user, such as change of the
operation of the recording and playback apparatus and
reception of the recording programming information.
10 The user operation input section 145 comprises a data
receiving section which receives a control signal from
the remote control device (remote control terminal) R,
and a control signal input section (not shown) which
outputs a control signal to the timer microcomputer
15 section 141 in response to an instruction directly
inputted by the user with an operation panel (not
shown) of the main body of the apparatus 1.

FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram showing an example
of recording programming from outside on the recording
and playback apparatus shown in FIG. 1.
20

As shown in FIG. 1, an existing communication
apparatus (portable terminal) 201, represented by
personal computers PC and cellular phones CP, transmits
an E-mail (hereinafter simply referred to as "mail") M
25 containing recording programming information from the
user to a mail server (commercial communications
control unit for network) 299. The recording and

5 playback apparatus 1 distinguishes whether the body of the mail received from the mail server 299 contains a specific character string. If the mail contains the specific character string, the recording and playback apparatus 1 judges the character string to be programming information, and set a recording programming in the recording and the playback apparatus 1 itself.

10 FIG. 3 is a flow chart showing an example of reception of recording programming by a mail and a procedure of entering a recording programming.

First, the communications control section 103 of the information recording and playback apparatus 1 checks whether a predetermined mailbox of the predesignated mail server has a newly-received mail M or not (S1).

20 When it is checked that at least one mail M has been received (S1-Yes), the number "the number of mails = n" is set in the memory 105 as the total number of the received mails (S2).

Next, a capture (reception) request for receiving the mail of "n" number is transmitted (S3), and the mail of "n" number is received from the mailbox (S4).

25 Then, it is judged whether the received mail is a recording programming mail or not (S5). If the mail is a recording programming mail (S5-Yes), it is judged whether recording programming is impossible or not,

for example, the apparatus has already been programmed to record its maximum recordable programs (S6). If a new recording programming is unacceptable (S6-Yes), the apparatus sends a reply mail to notify that the programming by mail was not accepted (S7).

In step S6, if a recording programming is acceptable (S6-No), the recording programming is additionally entered in a recording programming information table in the memory 105, in accordance with the contents of the mail (S8).

Thereafter, the apparatus issue an instruction to the mailbox to delete the mail of "n" number, and sends a mail which notifies the user that "end (completion of acceptance) of recording programming for the mail of n number" (S9). Simultaneously, or at a predetermined timing, the number of mails in the memory 105 is rewritten to "n = n-1" (S10).

Then, it is judged whether the number "n-1" in the memory 105 is greater than 0 or not (S11) and, in the case of $n-1 > 0$ (S11-Yes), the steps S3 to S9 are repeated. Thereby, capture of the rest of the mails, judgment as to whether each of the mails is a recording programming mail, and recording programming if it is a recording programming mail are repeated until the number "n-1" is judged to be "0".

FIG. 4 is a flow chart showing an example of distinction about whether a received mail is

a recording programming mail or not.

If a received mail includes a line of character string starting with a character string "open", the apparatus judges the mail to be a recording programming mail (S101).

For example, if a mail M having a description "open, pass (name), 19991231, 2200, 2359, 8, S, A" has been received, it is regarded that the string "open" indicates that the mail is a recording programming mail, the string "pass" indicates a password or a preregistered user name, the string "19991231" indicates a recording date, being December 31, 1999, the string "2200, 2359" indicates that a recording start time is 22:00 and a recording end time is 23:59, the string "8, S, A" indicates a channel number 8 as a recording source, and an image quality SP (standard recording mode) and a sound quality DD1 (Dolby Digital 1) as a recording rate.

Since information defined by a 8-digit number may be a recording programming code called "G-code", it is judged whether the number string following the string "pass (name)" is a recording programming code or not (S102).

If the number string is a recording programming code, first four digits thereof indicate a number which does not correspond to a year of the Christian Era, and thereby the string is judged a recording programming

code (S102-Yes). If it is a recording programming
code, the recording start date and time, the recording
end date and time, and channel number (the user does
not need to select the recording source, in the case of
5 using a recording programming code) is obtained
therefrom. Therefore, the recording rate is then read
(S103), and they are additionally entered in the
recording programming information table in the memory
105 (S104).

10 If the number string is not a recording
programming code (S102-No), the recording start date
and time, the recording end date and time, recording
source and recording rate, which are necessary for a
recording programming, are read from the mail M, and
15 additionally entered in the recording programming
information table of the memory 105 (S104).

As described above, according to the present
invention, it is possible to perform a recording
programming at any time by an E-mail, even under
20 conditions where recording programming by using the
apparatus main body or the remote control device is
difficult.

Therefore, it is possible to set start and end of
recording information under conditions where recording
programming by using the apparatus main body or the
25 remote control device is difficult, and prevent failing
in recording information due to the user's being out

without programming recording, etc.

Additional advantages and modifications will readily occur to those skilled in the art. Therefore, the invention in its broader aspects is not limited to the specific details and representative embodiments shown and described herein. Accordingly, various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the general inventive concept as defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.